Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: 1366

The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.	
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST	
Eligibility RecommendedX	Eligibility Not Recommended
Criteria:ABCD Consideration	s:ABCDEFGNone
Comments:	
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder	Date: 3 April 2001
Reviewer, NR Program:Peter E. Kurtze	Date:3 April 2001

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

NAME AND SHA NO.: 12031

LOCATION Road Name and Number: MD 136 over Falling Branch City/Town: Five Forks X vicinity County: Harford
Ownership: X State County Municipal Other
Bridge projects over: _ Road _ Railway <u>X</u> Water _ Land
Is bridge located within designated district?: _ yes <u>X</u> no NR listed district _ NR determined eligible district locally designated _ other Name of District _
BRIDGE TYPE
_ Timber Bridge Beam Bridge Truss-Covered Trestle Timber-and-Concrete
_ Stone Arch Bridge
_ Metal Truss Bridge
_ Moveable Bridge Swing Bascule Single Leaf Bascule Multiple Leaf Vertical Lift Retractile Pontoon
_ Metal Girder _ Rolled Girder _ Rolled Girder Concrete Encased _ Plate Girder _ Plate Girder Concrete Encased
_ Metal Suspension
_ Metal Arch
_ Metal Cantilever
X Concrete _ Concrete Arch _ Concrete Slab X Concrete Beam _ Rigid Frame Other Type Name 514

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

DESCRIPTION

Describe the Setting:

Bridge 12031 carries MD 136 over Falling Branch in northern Harford County. MD 136 runs in an east-west direction at this location; Falling Branch flows south-north. This primarily wooded area lies within the Piedmont physiographic province characterized by variegated topography created by rivers and streams cutting through the valleys. A nineteenth-century house and Reynolds Mill stand southeast of the bridge.

Describe the Superstructure and Substructure: (Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

Bridge 12031, a single-span concrete girder bridge skewed 50 degrees, has a clear span length of 38' and an overall bridge length of 40'. The 28' clear asphalt roadway carries two lanes of traffic. Each of the open balustrade concrete parapets is divided into three sections with 13 openings in each section and features rectangular paneled endposts and a concrete cap. Steel W-beam guardrails are attached to the ends of the parapets. The substructure consists of striated concrete abutments and wing walls with concrete caps. The construction details of this bridge conform closely to the 1930 standard state specifications.

Recent photographs and inspection reports note surface erosion of the parapets; the rest of the bridge appears to be in relatively good condition.

A survey of historic concrete beam bridges undertaken by the Maryland State Highway Administration in the Fall of 1995 identified 113 bridges of that type located throughout the state. Slightly more than two-thirds (76) of that total were single-span bridges.

Discuss major alterations:

A 1975 report states that the deck was resurfaced with asphalt. More recent inspection reports note that short drains on the superstructure have been replaced with new long PVC drains, but no date was indicated for this action.

HISTORY

When Built: c. 1930

Why Built: Statewide road improvement programs and local transportation needs

Who Built: State Roads Commission of Maryland

Who Designed: Unknown

Why Altered: Unknown

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MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

MHT NO. <u>HA-1866</u>

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign?: No

This bridge was built during the Good Roads Movement era but was not one of the primary corridors slated for improvement.

SURVEYOR ANALYSIS

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

_ A (Events) _ B (Person) _ C (Engineering/Architectural Character)

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

The improvement of Harford County roads most likely resulted from several events that occurred during the first three decades of the twentieth century. The original Good Roads movement was aimed toward improving the primary routes through the state as well as connecting roads between counties. A later impact of this crusade included the widening, straightening, and grading of secondary roads, and construction of new bridges to carry these rebuilt roads. Further, the rapid increase of automobile, truck, and bus traffic prompted the replacement of the existing narrow and weak bridges with new, wider, and stronger concrete structures. As time, labor, and money-saving plans created by the State Roads Commission (SRC), the establishment of district engineering offices during the 1910s and the development of standardized bridge designs also aided in the construction of modern bridges throughout the state. During the 1920s, emphasis of the SRC was on improving safety and comfort of main routes while building up the secondary roads and the farm-to-market network of feeder roads. By the 1930s, bridges believed to be adequate when initial road reconstruction was undertaken became unacceptable for modern traffic and many new structures were constructed.

When the bridge was built, and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

No, the construction of this bridge did not play an active role in the growth or development of this portion of Harford County.

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation, and would the bridge add or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

No, this bridge is not located within an area which is eligible for historic district designation.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Yes, due to its apparent lack of major alterations and fair condition, this bridge stands as a significant example of its type.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

Yes, this bridge retains integrity of its character defining elements. Although recent reports indicate that the structure exhibits signs of age and wear, including cracking and spalling of the parapets, abutments, and wing walls, none of these character defining elements has been replaced or removed.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer, and why?

No, this bridge is not a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer. This bridge was most likely built to standard state specifications, which corresponded to the structure's span length and year.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made, and why?

No, this bridge should not receive further study.

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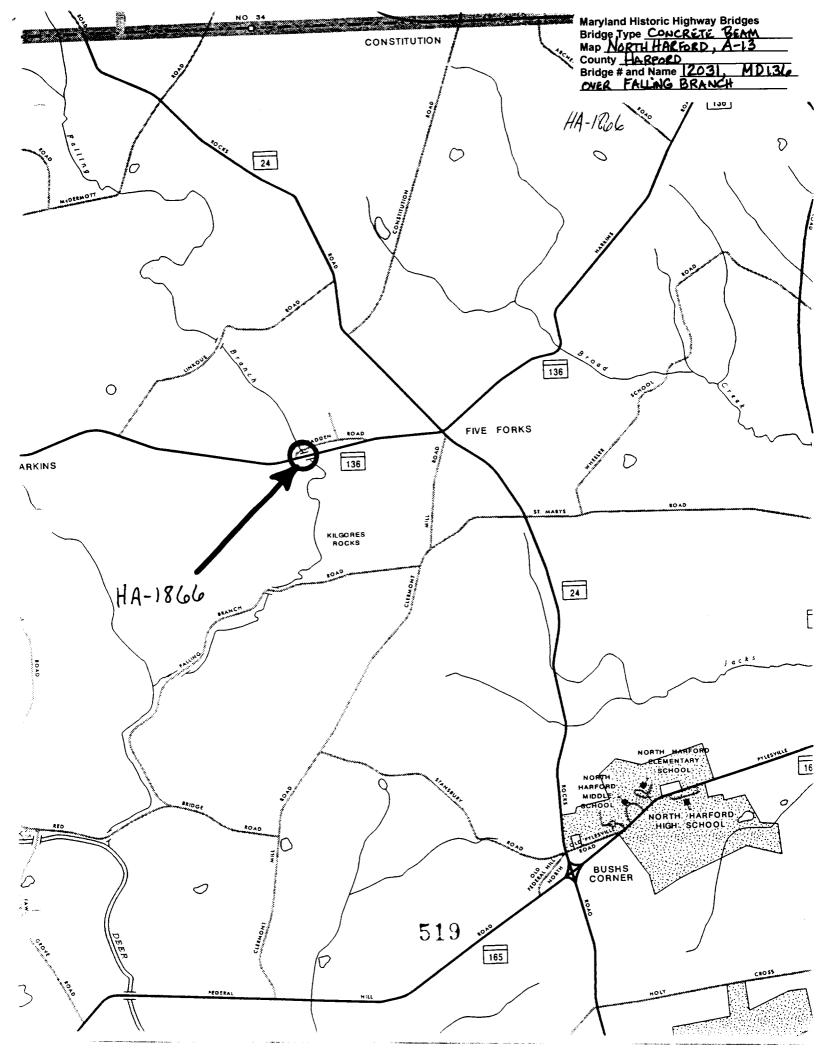
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112 - 1893 HARFORD COUNTY HI VOHAS TARDINIO 3/12/95 HARYIMIO SHED SHA - BRIDGE 12031 OVEIR FALLING BRIVEH CREEK - LOOKING WEST ON MD. ROUTE 126



HA-1866

HARFORD COUNTY, MD VOIGH TARQUINIC 3/12/95 MARKENINO SHPO 5 MM -BRIDGE 12031 OVER FALLING BRANCH CREEK - LOOKING FIG ON MD ROUTE 136

2/4



HP 1856 HARFORD COUNTY, MD NOHN TARQUINIO 3/12/95 MARYLAND SHOOS MA -BRIDGE 12031 OVER FALLING BRANCH CREEK - VIEW LOOKING NORTH



FA-1800 HARFORD COUNTY MO JOHN TARROUNIO 3/12/75 MARILHAD SHPC SHA - BRIDGE 12031 OVER FALLING ERAICH CREEK - VIEW LOOKING SOUTH